

Safeguarding & Child Protection Policy

'The curriculum needs to be delivered in a school with an ethos which empowers children, a school which allows them to voice ideas, feelings and opinions, treats them with respect, values their contribution and lets parents make a contribution to the educational process.' From 'Responding to Child Abuse'.

1. Introduction

Our school fully recognises the contribution it makes to safeguarding and child protection.

There are three main elements to our policy:

- Prevention through the culture, teaching and pastoral support offered to learners
- Procedures for identifying and reporting cases, or suspected cases of abuse because of our day to day contact with children, our staff are well placed to observe the outward signs of abuse; and
- Support for learners who may have been abused.

This policy applies to **all** staff and volunteers working in the school and its governors. It is recognised by this school that all staff that come into contact with children can often be the first point of disclosure for a child. This first point of contact is an important part of the child protection process, and it is essential that all staff are aware of and implement the school's procedures as noted in this policy.



Mr Justin Dowd
Designated Safeguarding
Lead



Ms Amanda Veater Deputy Designated Person



Mrs Kathryn Bailey Deputy Designated Person

At the Bridge Achievement Centre, Mr Justin Dowd is the Designated safeguarding Person for Safeguarding (DSP). Ms Amanda Veater, Centre Manager, and Mrs Kathryn Bailey, Deputy Centre Manager, are the deputies in his absence. In the absence of these members of staff, staff may contact Nicola Davies and Sarah Todd, Local Authority Safeguarding Officers. All staff have total commitment to child protection.

2. Prevention

We recognise that high self-esteem, confidence, supportive friends and good lines of communication with a trusted adult help to safeguard learners.

The school will therefore:

- establish and maintain an ethos where children feel secure, are encouraged to talk and share their concerns and will be listened to;
- ensure that children know that all adults in this school can be approached if they are worried or concerned about matters that concern them or their siblings or friends;
- include in the curriculum, activities and opportunities for PSE which equip children with the skills they need to stay safe from abuse and to know to whom to turn for help;
- include in the curriculum, material which will help children develop realistic attitudes to the responsibilities of adult life, particularly with regard to childcare and parenting skills;
- build relationships with other agencies and ensure early and appropriate referrals for support and intervention are made before risks escalate;
- take a whole-school (setting) approach to well-being which will incorporate safeguarding and preventative measures to support children and families.

3. Procedures

At the Bridge Achievement Centre we follow the Wales Safeguarding Procedures for Children and Adults at risk of abuse and neglect (2019). We are also compliant with the Local Authority's overarching corporate "Safeguarding People" suite of safeguarding documents and other guidance and protocols that have been endorsed and agreed by the Safeguarding Board.

Our school will:

	Ensure it has a designated safeguarding person (DSP) and deputy for child
	protection, who have undertaken the appropriate training.
	Recognise the role of the Designated safeguarding Person (DSP) and arrange
	support and training. The school will look to the Safeguarding Board and the council's
	Education Safeguarding Officer for guidance and support in assisting the school's
	designated safeguarding person.
	Ensure every member of staff, including permanent, part time and adult volunteers,
	and every member of the management committee knows:
•	the name of the DSP and their role, the local authority point of contact and the

- designated committee member for safeguarding
 that they have an individual responsibility for reporting children at risk and child
- protection concerns to social services, or to the police, within the timescales agreed with the Regional Safeguarding Board (by following the school's agreed procedures)
- how to take forward those concerns when the DSP is unavailable.

	Ensure that all members of staff are aware of the need to be alert to signs of abuse and neglect, and know how to respond to a learner who may disclose abuse or
	neglect.
	Ensure that staff members are aware of wider safeguarding concerns and report
	these to the DSP: staff will be made aware of the information on wider safeguarding
	issues contained in Keeping Learners Safe and Wales Safeguarding Procedures,
	including safeguarding responsibilities in specific circumstances, peer-on-peer abuse
	and harmful sexual behaviour and the suite of guidance on 'Rights, Respect, Equality'
	to help prevent and address bullying.
	Ensure that safer recruitment practices are in place, following NCC guidance.
	Ensure that members of staff who are EWC registrants are aware of the Code of
	Professional Conduct and Practice for registrants with the Education Workforce
	Council (see
	www.ewc.wales/site/index.php/en/fitness-to-practise/code-ofprofessional-conduct-an
	d-practice-pdf.html) and the expectation within the Code
	that the registrant has regard to the safety and well-being of learners in their care and related content.
	Ensure that parents/carers have an understanding of the responsibility placed on
	the school and staff for safeguarding and child protection by setting out its obligations
	in the school brochure
	Provide training for all staff so that they:
	understand their personal responsibility
	 know the agreed local procedures and their duty to respond
	 are aware of the need to be vigilant in identifying cases of abuse and neglect
	 know how to support a child who discloses abuse or neglect
_	understand the role online behaviours may have in each of the above
	Notify the local authority's social services team if:
	 a learner on the child protection register is excluded, either for a fixed term or permanently
	 there is an unexplained absence of a learner on the child protection register of
	more than two days' duration from school (or one day following a weekend)
	Work to develop effective links with relevant agencies and cooperate as required
	with their enquiries regarding child protection matters, including attendance at
	child protection conferences and core groups and the submission of written reports to
	the conferences
	Keep written records of concerns about children (noting the date, event and action
	taken), even where there is no need to refer the matter to the local authority
	immediately
	Ensure all records are kept secure and in locked locations
	Adhere to the procedures set out in the Welsh Government's Disciplinary and
	dismissal procedures for school staff: Revised guidance for governing bodies (see Gov.wales/disciplinary-and-dismissal-procedures-school-staff
	Ensure that recruitment and selection procedures are made in accordance with
	Welsh Government's <i>Keeping learners safe</i> guidance
	Designate a member of the management committee for safeguarding who will
	oversee the school's safeguarding policy and practice. This member of the
	management committee will feed back to the management committee on
	safeguarding matters as and when required, and will be required to provide an annual
	report to the management committee on the school's safeguarding activities.
	Ensure the 'Keeping Learners Safe' safeguarding self-evaluation (or alternative
	format) is shared with the management committee at least annually and provided to
	the Education Safeguarding Officer during the first half of the Autumn Term.

4. Supporting those at risk

At the Bridge Achievement Centre we recognise that children who are at risk, suffer abuse or witness violence may be deeply affected by this.

This school may be the only stable, secure and predictable element in the lives of children at risk. Nevertheless when at school, their behaviour may be challenging or they may be withdrawn. At this school we will support the learner through:

- The content of the curriculum to encourage self-esteem and self-motivation
- The school ethos which:
 - promotes a positive, supportive and secure environment; and
 - gives pupils a sense of being valued (see section 2 on Prevention);
- The school's behaviour policy, which is aimed at supporting vulnerable pupils in the school.
- All staff will agree a consistent approach which focuses on the behavioural outcome of the child, but does not damage the pupil's sense of self-worth.
- The school will endeavour to ensure that the pupil knows that some behaviour is unacceptable, (Shared with parents/carers via school brochures and other points of communication) but that each individual is valued and not to be blamed for any abuse which has occurred.
- Liaison with other agencies who support the student such as Social Services, Child and Adolescent Mental Health services, the Educational Psychology Service, Education Welfare Service and advocacy services; and
- Keeping records and notifying the local authority if there is a recurrence of a concern.
- When a pupil on the child protection register leaves, we will transfer the sensitive information to the new school immediately (Using the procedure outlined in appendix D, Safeguarding File – Transfer of Records). The DSP will be central to this process, and if not already done, will inform Children's Services of the move.

5. Anti- Bullying

Our policy on Anti-Bullying has been set out in our Anti-Bullying Policy. This policy/information is reviewed annually by the Management Committee and can be located on our Shared Drive under All Staff, Virtual Classroom and Policies and Procedures. This can also be found on our school website.

6. Physical Intervention

Our policy on physical intervention has been set out in our Physical Intervention Policy. It is reviewed annually by the management committee and is consistent with the Welsh Government guidance on Safe and Effective intervention – use of reasonable force and searching for weapons 097/2013. This policy/information can be located on our website.

7. On-line Safety

The school's policy on On-line Safety has been set out in our On-line Safety Policy. This policy/information can be located on our Shared Drive under All Staff, Virtual Classroom and Policies and Procedures. This policy is also on our school website.

8. Children with Additional Learning Needs (ALN)

This school recognises that statistically children and young people with emotional and behavioural difficulties and disabilities are most vulnerable to abuse. School staff who deal with children with profound and multiple disabilities, sensory impairment and or emotional and behaviour problems need to be particularly sensitive to signs of abuse. The school's policy on ALN has been set out in this policy/information can be located on our website. This policy/information can also be located on our Shared Drive under All Staff, Virtual Classroom and Policies and Procedures.

9. Children who enter the Looked after System

This school recognises that children who enter the Looked after System are often the most vulnerable and needy. The school's policy for Looked After Children can be located on our website. Advice and guidance can be sought from the Local Authority's Looked After Children's Education Coordinators.

10. Operation Encompass

Operation Encompass is a police and education early information sharing partnership, enabling schools to offer immediate support for children and young people experiencing domestic abuse. Information is shared by the police with the school's safeguarding lead prior to the start of the next school day after officers have attended a domestic abuse incident. This enables appropriate support to be put in place, dependent upon the needs and wishes of the child.

Children experiencing domestic abuse are negatively impacted by this exposure; domestic abuse has been identified as an Adverse Childhood Experience and can lead to emotional, physical and psychological harm. Operation Encompass aims to mitigate this harm by enabling immediate support for the child.

11. Transfer of records

Where children are transferred to or from this school, we will ensure appropriate record keeping of the transfer of child protection records through the use of the Safeguarding File – Transfer of records proforma (See Appendix C) or through secure online transfer via EduKey.

12. Training

The school will ensure that the Designated safeguarding Person and deputies will have received initial training when starting their role and continued professional updates as required. Specific updates as suggested by national and local requirements will be central to the DSP's development.

All staff will receive regular safeguarding updates during the year as appropriate from the DSP, but will receive specific awareness raising training within a 2-3 year period.

It is recommended that the governing body will also receive awareness raising training and the nominated governor will be offered opportunities for more targetted training.

13. Community Cohesion – Preventing Extremism

The school is aware of its responsibilities (under Section 26 of the Counter Terrorism and Security Act 2015 and the *Prevent* Duty Guidance) to safeguard pupils at risk of radicalisation. This school/setting is committed to providing a safe environment for all of our students and practitioners.

The school will do this by:

- Providing a safe environment for pupils to talk about issues that may concern them, including sensitive topics such as terrorism and extremist ideology.
- Identifying and risk assessing individuals who may be drawn into terrorism, violent or non-violent extremism.
- Ensuring all staff receive appropriate training and have the knowledge and confidence to identify pupils at risk of being drawn into terrorism and extremism and challenge extremist ideas, as well as an understanding of local risks and vulnerabilities.
- Ensuring children are safe from terrorist and extremist material when accessing the internet in school, including having in place appropriate levels of filtering.
- When any concerns about a child or young person who is at risk of radicalisation are reported or identified, a Prevent referral will be completed and sent to the Connected Communities Manager. Advice can be sought from the Education Safeguarding team or the Safeguarding Hub regarding the most appropriate referral route. Where immediate risk of harm is identified, then either police or Children's Services should be contacted.

14. Children Missing from Education

The school will follow the local authority guidance where there are concerns that a child is missing from education and cannot be located. The school's EWO will be contacted when there are concerns that a child is missing from education.

15. Mandatory reporting of Female genital mutilation (FGM)

The school is aware of its duty to report known cases of FGM to the police (section 74 of the Serious Crime Act 2015) and Children's Services. Where staff suspect FGM may have been carried out, or think a girl may be at risk, then the school will follow existing safeguarding procedures in these cases.

Key Guidance for Staff

A) What to do if a child tells you they have been abused by a member of staff or any adult working with children.

If an allegation of abuse is made against a member of staff or any adult working with children this must be reported to the Head Teacher without delay. If the concern is

about the Head Teacher this must be reported to the Chair of Management Committee. The school is aware of its responsibilities (under Section 26 of the Counter Terrorism and Security Act 2015 and the *Prevent* Duty Guidance) to safeguard pupils at risk of radicalisation. This school/setting is committed to providing a safe environment for all of our students and practitioners.

The school will do this by:

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- Identifying and risk assessing individuals who may be drawn into terrorism, violent or non-violent extremism.
- Ensuring all staff receive appropriate training and have the knowledge and confidence to identify pupils at risk of being drawn into terrorism and extremism and challenge extremist ideas, as well as an understanding of local risks and vulnerabilities.
- Ensuring children are safe from terrorist and extremist material when accessing the internet in school, including having in place appropriate levels of filtering.
- Following the school's safeguarding procedures when any concerns about a child or young person who is at risk of radicalisation are reported. A Duty to Report (DTR) will be completed and sent to Children's Services, clearly identifying any risks. The Connected Communities Manager will be copied in to any reports where there are concerns of radicalisation.

If in doubt you can contact the Council's Education Safeguarding Officer for guidance and advice or the Children's Services Duty and Assessment Team (see contact details below).

B) What to do if a child tells you they have been abused by someone other than a member of staff:

A child may confide in any member of staff and may not always go to a member of the teaching staff. Staff to whom an allegation is made should remember:

- Yours is a listening role, do not interrupt the child when they are freely recalling events. Limit any questions to clarifying your understanding of what the child is saying. Any questions should be framed in an open manner so not to lead the child;
- You have a duty to report safeguarding concerns to the school's Designated Safeguarding Person (DSP) straight away (or in their absence, their Deputy), to inform them of what has been disclosed. In the unlikelihood of both being absent seek out the most senior person in the school;
- Make a note of the discussion, as soon as is reasonably practical (but within 24 hours) to pass on to the school's DSP. The note which should be clear in its use of terminology should record the time, date, place, and people who were present and should record the child's answers/responses in exactly the way they were said as far as possible. This note will in most cases be the only written record of what has been disclosed, and as it is the initial contact, an important one in the child protection process. Remember, your note of the discussion may be used in any subsequent formal investigation and or court proceedings. It is advised that you retain a copy in a safe place:

- Do not give undertakings of absolute confidentiality. (see note following this section for more details) You will need to express this in age related ways to the child as soon as appropriately possible during the disclosure. This may result in the child 'clamming up' and not completing the disclosure, but you will still be required to share the fact that they have a shared a concern with you to the DSP. Often what is initially shared is the tip of an iceberg;
- That a child may be waiting for a case to go to criminal court, may have to give evidence or may be awaiting care proceedings.
- The decision as to whether to report the concern to Children's Services rests with the DSP. However, any practitioner can make a report to Children's Services if they feel this is necessary. You may have a future role in terms of supporting or monitoring the child, contributing to an assessment or implementing a care and support plan. You can ask the DSP for an update on any referrals, but they are restricted by procedures and confidentiality and may be limited in their response. The level of feedback will be on a need to know, but whatever is shared is strictly confidential and not for sharing with others.

C) What to do if you have safeguarding concerns about a child but there is no direct disclosure of abuse.

All safeguarding concerns must be passed on to the DSP who can advise on any action/support needed. Actions may include:

- talking to the child about your concerns (all questions should be open questions) and offering support
- talking to parents/carers about your concerns
- offering school-based support/independent counselling
- seeking consent for a referral to early intervention services (Families First)
- making a report to Children's Services.

Confidentiality

Our school and staff are fully aware of confidentiality issues if a child divulges that they are being or have been abused. A child may only feel confident to confide in a member of staff if they feel that the information will not be divulged to anyone else. However, all education staff have a professional duty to share relevant information about the protection of children with the designated statutory agencies when a child is experiencing child welfare concerns.

It is important that each member of staff deals with this sensitively and explains to the child that they must inform the appropriate people who can help the child, but they will only tell those who need to know in order to be able to help. Staff should reassure the child and tell them that their situation will not be common knowledge within the school. Be aware that it may well have taken significant courage on the part of the child to disclose the information and they may also be experiencing conflicting emotions, involving feelings of guilt, embarrassment, disloyalty (if the abuser is someone close) and hurt.

Remember the pastoral responsibility of the Education Service. Ensure that only those with a professional involvement, i.e. the DSP and Headteacher, have access to child protection records. At all other times, they should be kept securely locked and separate from the child's main file.

Equalities Statement

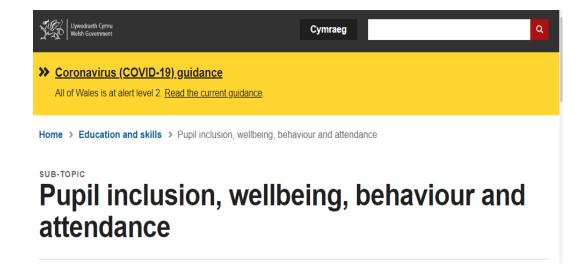
We do not discriminate (either directly or indirectly) against anyone on the grounds of their gender, race, colour, ethnic origin, religion, ability, disability, sexuality or any aspect of their social/cultural background. Furthermore, the school community is committed to countering all forms of racial prejudice and discrimination. All Child Protection procedures are designed to promote equal opportunities and cultural diversity.

APPENDIX A

Associated Policies, Guidance and Advice

- Wales Safeguarding Procedures for Children and Adults at risk of abuse and harm (2019)
- Keeping Learners Safe: The role of local authorities, governing bodies and proprietors of independent schools under the Education Act 2002
- https://gov.wales/sites/default/files/publications/2021-03/kls-the-role-of-local-authorities-governing-bodies-and-proprietors-of-independent-schools-under-the-education-act.pdf

All relevant safeguarding information can be found at gov.wales/pupil-inclusion-wellbeing-behaviour-and-attendance/safeguarding



This includes:

 Safeguarding in Education: handling allegations of abuse against teachers and other staff

- Disciplinary and dismissal procedures for school staff
- Peer sexual abuse, exploitation and harmful sexual behaviour: how to prevent and respond to peer sexual abuse, exploitation and harmful sexual behaviour, including digital abuse and exploitation.
- Responding to issues of self-harm and thoughts of suicide in young people.
- Female genital mutilation (FGM): Letter to schools about helping to stop female genital mutilation and how to help girls at risk.
- Safe and effective intervention: Use of reasonable force and searching for weapons
- Good Practice Guide: A Whole Education Approach to Violence against Women, Domestic Abuse and Sexual Violence in Wales
- Children Missing from Education WG circular 002/2017 (replaces circular 006/2010)
- The latest on-line safety/digital resilience guidance can be found at: https://hwb.gov.wales/zones/keeping-safe-online/
- Guidance for schools on the causes of violent extremism and preventative measures

Channel Guidance: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/channel-guidance

Prevent Duty

Guidance: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/prevent-duty-guidance

Other relevant legislation:

- The Children Act 2004
- The Education Act 2002
- The Education Act 2011
- The Human Rights Act 1998
- The Data Protection Act 1998
- The Children Act 1989
- Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act 2014

APPENDIX B

Types of harm

The following is a non-exhaustive list of examples for each of the categories of harm, abuse and neglect included in <u>Vol 5 Working Together to Safeguard People: Volume 5 – Handling Individual Cases to Protect Children at Risk (Social Services & Wellbeing Act 2014)</u>

- physical abuse hitting, slapping, over or misuse of medication, undue restraint, or inappropriate sanctions;
- emotional/psychological abuse threats of harm or abandonment, coercive control, humiliation, verbal or racial abuse, isolation or withdrawal from services or supportive networks, witnessing abuse of others
- sexual abuse forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual
 activities, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening, including: physical
 contact, including penetrative or non-penetrative acts; non-contact activities, such as
 involving children in looking at, or in the production of, pornographic material or
 watching sexual activities or encouraging children to behave in sexually inappropriate
 ways;
- financial abuse this category will be less prevalent for a child but indicators could be:
- not meeting their needs for care and support which are provided through direct payments; or complaints that personal property is missing.
- neglect failure to meet basic physical, emotional or psychological needs, which is likely to result in impairment of health or development.

Peer on Peer Sexual Abuse and Responding to Harmful Sexual Behaviours

All children who attend Jubilee Park Primary School have the right to be safe and a right to an education. It is vitally important that staff are aware of how to prevent and respond to instances of peer on peer sexual abuse and harmful sexual behaviour.

Promoting healthy relationships is at the heart of our Wellbeing Strategy and this should be modelled by all adults every day. Our approach to Relationship and Sexuality Education (RSE) and through planning from the Health and Wellbeing Area of Learning and Experience, as part of our Thrive Curriculum, ensures children are taught about the importance of healthy relationships.

It is the duty of all staff to

- Promote our culture of healthy relationships
- Encourage children to speak out
- Challenge and act upon inappropriate behaviours Inspire, Nurture, Celebrate Success
- Ensure that any children who engage in peer sexual abuse, exploitation or display harmful sexual behaviour are considered as children first

We use the Hackett Continuum which demonstrates the range of sexual behaviours presented by children to support staff identify which behaviours are potentially harmful and which represent healthy sexual development.

Behaviours falling under the inappropriate and problematic category will not necessarily be referred to social services, instead, they will be supported through school based early intervention.

Risk from other actual or potential harm to a child or young person may also result from:

- Criminal exploitation such as county lines (CCE)
- Child sexual exploitation
- Radicalisation
- Female genital mutilation
- Modern slavery

Appendix C

Transfer of pupil safeguarding records

PART 1: To be completed by sending school

When you know that a child on the CP register (or where there are safeguarding
concerns) is moving schools contact the DSP at the receiving school within 2 days of
the child leaving your school to share information.
Please ensure that the safeguarding file is passed to the Designated safeguarding
Person at the receiving school using a secure method of delivery with Part 1 of
this form completed. It should be marked as 'confidential for the attention of the DSP
only'.
The file should be transferred within 10 working days

☐ You are advised to keep a copy of this form for your own records.		
NAME OF CHILD		
DOB:		
NAME OF SCHOOL SENDING SAFEGUARDING FILE:		
ADDRESS OF SENDING SCHOOL:		
DATE FILE SENT:		
NAME OF Designated safeguarding Person (DSP)FOR SAFEGUARDING:		
METHOD OF DELIVERY:		
SIGNATURE:		
ART 2: To be completed by receiving school Please complete and return this form to the DSP listed in Part 1 above. If you choose to return this form electronically, please ensure this is completed securely. You are advised to keep a copy of this form for your own reference. The safeguarding file should be stored securely, and away from the main pupil file.		
RECEIVING FILE:		
ADDRESS:		
DATE RECEIVED:		
NAME OF Designated safeguarding Person (DSP) RECEIVING FILE:		
IS THE FILE INTACT ON RECEIPT?		

SIGNATURE	

APPENDIX D

professional strategy meeting will be convened.

PROFESSIONAL ALLEGATIONS/CONCERNS

This Flowchart should be used as a brief checklist of procedure for allegations/concerns regarding any practitioner in a school.

Detailed procedures are outlined in the Safeguarding Procedures for Children and Adults at risk of abuse and neglect 2019

Also refer to Safeguarding Children In Education: Handling Allegations of abuse against teachers and other staff 009/2014

